CITY MULTI (E

Air-Conditioners

MITSUBISHI FI ECTRIC

PEFY-WP20, 25, 32, 40, 50, 63, 71, 80, 100, 125VMA-E

INSTALLATION MANUAL

For safe and correct use, please read this installation manual thoroughly before installing the air-conditioner unit.





[Fig. 3.2.1]



—(A) (7)(H)

77

(B).

 $\hat{\mathbb{C}}$

В

Ŕ

Min. 20 mm

Ζ

Min. 10 mm

[Fig. 3.2.2]

(Viewed from the direction of the arrow A)

(Unit: mm)



[Fig. 3.2.4]

(Viewed from the direction of the arrow B)



[Fig. 3.2.5]

[Fig. 3.2.3]

©<-

 \boxtimes

(J) -

(Viewed from the direction of the arrow B)



A	Electric	box

- B Ceiling
- © Ceiling beam
- D Access door 2 (450 mm x 450 mm)
- E Access door 1 (450 mm x 450 mm)
- © Maintenance access space
- G Supply air
- (mm) Model Р Q R S PEFY-WP20VMA-E 700 50~150 800 1300 PEFY-WP25, 32VMA-E 900 150~250 1000 1500 PEFY-WP40, 50, 63VMA-E 1100 250~350 1200 1700 PEFY-WP71, 80,100VMA-E 1400 400~500 1500 2000 PEFY-WP125VMA-E 1600 500~600 1700 2200

 $\oplus\;$ Intake air

 \bigcirc $\$ Access door 3

(K) Access door 4

① Bottom of indoor unit

3











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1. Safety precautions

1.1. Before installation and electric work

- Before installing the unit, make sure you read all the "Safety precautions".
- The "Safety precautions" provide very important points regarding safety. Make sure you follow them.

Symbols used in the text

Warning:

Describes precautions that should be observed to prevent danger of injury or death to the user.

✓!\ Caution:

Describes precautions that should be observed to prevent damage to the unit.

Symbols used in the illustrations



Indicates an action that must be avoided.

Indicates that important instructions must be followed.

: Indicates a part which must be grounded.

- Indicates that caution should be taken with rotating parts. (This symbol is displayed on the main unit label.) <Color: yellow>
- /{}: Beware of electric shock (This symbol is displayed on the main unit label.) <Color: yellow>

/!\ Warning: Carefully read the labels affixed to the main unit.

Warning:

- Ask the dealer or an authorized technician to install the air conditioner. - Improper installation by the user may result in water leakage, electric shock, or fire.
- This appliance is not intended for use by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance by a person responsible for their safety.
- Install the air unit at a place that can withstand its weight.
- Inadequate strength may cause the unit to fall down, resulting in injuries. Use the specified cables for wiring. Make the connections securely so
- that the outside force of the cable is not applied to the terminals. Inadequate connection and fastening may generate heat and cause a fire.
- Prepare for typhoons and other strong winds and earthquakes and install the unit at the specified place.
- Improper installation may cause the unit to topple and result in injury. Always use an air cleaner, humidifier, electric heater, and other accessories specified by Mitsubishi Electric.
 - Ask an authorized technician to install the accessories. Improper installation by the user may result in water leakage, electric shock, or fire.

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- Never repair the unit. If the air conditioner must be repaired, consult the dealer.
 - If the unit is repaired improperly, water leakage, electric shock, or fire may result.
- If the supply cord is damaged, it must be replaced by the manufacturer, its service agent or similarly qualified persons in order to avoid a hazard.
- Do not touch the heat exchanger fins.

- Improper handling may result in injury. When handling this product, always wear protective equipment. EG: Gloves, full arm protection namely boiler suit, and safety glasses. Improper handling may result in injury.
- If refrigerant gas leaks during installation work, ventilate the room.
- If the refrigerant gas comes into contact with a flame, poisonous gases will be released.
- Install the air conditioner according to this Installation Manual.
- If the unit is installed improperly, water leakage, electric shock, or fire may result
- Have all electric work done by a licensed electrician according to "Electric Facility Engineering Standard" and "Interior Wire Regulations" and the instructions given in this manual and always use a special circuit.
 - If the power source capacity is inadequate or electric work is performed improperly, electric shock and fire may result.
- Keep the electric parts away from water (washing water etc.).
- It might result in electric shock, catching fire or smoke
- Securely install the outdoor unit terminal cover (panel). - If the terminal cover (panel) is not installed properly, dust or water may enter the outdoor unit and fire or electric shock may result.
- When moving and reinstalling the air conditioner, consult the dealer or an authorized technician.
 - If the air conditioner is installed improperly, water leakage, electric shock, or fire may result
- Do not reconstruct or change the settings of the protection devices.
 - If the pressure switch, thermal switch, or other protection device is shorted and operated forcibly, or parts other than those specified by Mitsubishi Electric are used, fire or explosion may result.
- To dispose of this product, consult your dealer.
- Do not use a leak detection additive.
- Children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play with the appliance.
- The installer and system specialist shall secure safety against leakage according to local regulation or standards.
- Following standards may be applicable if local regulation are not available. Pay a special attention to the place, such as a basement, etc. where refrigeration gas can stay, since refrigeration is heavier than the air.
- This appliance is intended to be used by expert or trained users in shops, in light industry and on farms, or for commercial use by lay persons.

1.2. Before getting installed

▲ Caution:

- Do not use the air conditioner where food, pets, plants, precision instruments, or artwork are kept.
- The quality of the food, etc. may deteriorate.
- Do not use the air conditioner in special environments.
 Oil, steam, sulfuric smoke, etc. can significantly reduce the performance of the air conditioner or damage its parts.
- When installing the unit in a hospital, communication station, or similar place, provide sufficient protection against noise.
 - The inverter equipment, private power generator, high-frequency medical equipment, or radio communication equipment may cause the air conditioner to operate erroneously, or fail to operate. On the other hand, the air conditioner may affect such equipment by creating noise that disturbs medical treatment or image broadcasting.
- Do not install the unit on a structure that may cause leakage.
- When the room humidity exceeds 80% or when the drain pipe is clogged, condensation may drip from the indoor unit. Perform collective drainage work together with the outdoor unit, as required.
- The indoor models should be installed the ceiling over than 2.5 m from floor.

1.3. Before getting installed (moved) - electrical work

Ground the unit.

- Do not connect the ground wire to gas or water pipes, lightning rods, or telephone ground lines. Improper grounding may result in electric shock.
- Install the power cable so that tension is not applied to the cable.
 Tension may cause the cable to break and generate heat and cause a fire.
 Install an leak circuit breaker, as required.
- If an leak circuit breaker is not installed, electric shock may result.
- Use power line cables of sufficient current carrying capacity and rating.
 Cables that are too small may leak, generate heat, and cause a fire.
- Use only a circuit breaker and fuse of the specified capacity.
- A fuse or circuit breaker of a larger capacity or a steel or copper wire may result in a general unit failure or fire.
- Do not wash the air conditioner units.
- Washing them may cause an electric shock.
- Be careful that the installation base is not damaged by long use.
 If the damage is left uncorrected, the unit may fall and cause personal injury or property damage.
- Install the drain piping according to this Installation Manual to ensure proper drainage. Wrap thermal insulation around the pipes to prevent condensation.
 - Improper drain piping may cause water leakage and damage to furniture and other possessions.
- Be very careful about product transportation.
 - Only one person should not carry the product if it weighs more than 20 kg.
 Some products use PP bands for packaging. Do not use any PP bands for a means of transportation. It is dangerous.
 - Do not touch the heat exchanger fins. Doing so may cut your fingers.
 - When transporting the outdoor unit, suspend it at the specified positions on the unit base. Also support the outdoor unit at four points so that it cannot slip sideways.
- Safely dispose of the packing materials.
 - Packing materials, such as nails and other metal or wooden parts, may cause stabs or other injuries.
 - Tear apart and throw away plastic packaging bags so that children will not play with them. If children play with a plastic bag which was not torn apart, they face the risk of suffocation.

1.4. Before starting the test run

▲ Caution:

- Turn on the power at least 12 hours before starting operation.
 Starting operation immediately after turning on the main power switch can result in severe damage to internal parts. Keep the power switch turned on
- during the operational season.Do not touch the switches with wet fingers.
- Touching a switch with wet fingers can cause electric shock.
- Do not operate the air conditioner with the panels and guards removed.
 Rotating, hot, or high-voltage parts can cause injuries.
- Do not turn off the power immediately after stopping operation.
- Always wait at least five minutes before turning off the power. Otherwise, water leakage and trouble may occur.
- When water has been supplied to the water pipework, purge the system of air. The details of air purging can be found separately in the water circuit maintenance manual.
 - Details are described in section [9] "Instructions for debris removal operation" under chapter IX Troubleshooting in the Service Handbook for the HBC.
 - Refer to Fig. 1.4.1 for the position of the air vent valve on the indoor unit.

[Fig. 1.4.1] (P.2)

A Air vent valve

2. Indoor unit accessories

The unit is provided with the following accessories:

Part No.	Accessories	Qty
1	Insulation pipe	1
2	Tie band	3
3	Drain hose	1
4	Washer	8

3. Selecting an installation site

- Select a site with sturdy fixed surface sufficiently durable against the weight of unit
- Before installing unit, the routing to carry in unit to the installation site should be determined.
- Select a site where the unit is not affected by entering air.
- Select a site where the flow of supply and return air is not blocked.
- Select a site where refrigerant piping can easily be led to the outside.
- Select a site which allows the supply air to be distributed fully in room.
- Do not install unit at a site with oil splashing or steam in much quantity.
- Do not install unit at a site where combustible gas may generate, flow in, stagnate or leak.
- Do not install unit at a site where equipment generating high frequency waves (a high frequency wave welder for example) is provided.
- Do not install unit at a site where fire detector is located at the supply air side. (Fire detector may operate erroneously due to the heated air supplied during heating operation.)
- When special chemical product may scatter around such as site chemical plants and hospitals, full investigation is required before installing unit. (The plastic components may be damaged depending on the chemical product applied.)
- If the unit is run for long hours when the air above the ceiling is at high temperature/high humidity (due point above 26 °C), due condensation may be produced in the indoor unit. When operating the units in this condition, add insulation material (10-20 mm) to the entire surface of the indoor unit to avoid due condensation

3.1. Install the indoor unit on a ceiling strong enough to sustain its weight

A Warning:

The unit must be securely installed on a structure that can sustain its weight. If the unit is mounted on an unstable structure, it may fall down causing injuries.

3.2. Securing installation and service space

Secure enough access space to allow for the maintenance, inspection, and replacement of the motor, fan, drain pump, heat exchanger, and electric box in one of the following ways.

Select an installation site for the indoor unit so that its maintenance access space will not be obstructed by beams or other objects.

(1) When a space of 300 mm or more is available below the unit between the unit and the ceiling (Fig. 3.2.1)

• Create access door 1 and 2 (450 x 450 mm each) as shown in Fig. 3.2.2. (Access door 2 is not required if enough space is available below the unit for a maintenance worker to work in.)

(2) When a space of less than 300 mm is available below the unit between the unit and the ceiling (At least 20 mm of space should be left below the unit as shown in Fig. 3.2.3.)

· Create access door 1 diagonally below the electric box and access door 3 below the unit as shown in Fig. 3.2.4.

or

· Create access door 4 below the electric box and the unit as shown in Fig. 3.2.5. [Fig. 3.2.1] (P.3)

[Fig. 3.2.2] (Viewed from the direction of the arrow A) (P.3) [Fig. 3.2.3] (P.3)

[Fig. 3.2.4] (Viewed from the direction of the arrow B) (P.3)

[Fig. 3.2.5] (Viewed from the direction of the arrow B) (P.3)

- (A) Electric box
- © Ceiling beam
- E Access door 1 (450 mm x 450 mm)
- (F) Maintenance access space G Supply air
 - (H) Intake air Access door 3

D Access door 2 (450 mm x 450 mm)

B Ceiling

- ① Bottom of indoor unit (K) Access door 4
- 3.3. Combining indoor units with outdoor units

For combining indoor units with outdoor units, refer to the outdoor unit installation manual

4.1. Fixing hanging bolts

[Fig. 4.1.1] (P.4)

A Center of gravity

(Give site of suspension strong structure.)

Center of gravity and Product Weight

Hanging structure

- Ceiling: The ceiling structure varies from building to one another. For detailed information, consult your construction company.
- If necessary, reinforce the hanging bolts with anti-quake supporting members as countermeasures against earthquakes.

* Use M10 for hanging bolts and anti-quake supporting members (field supply).

Model name	W	L	Х	Y	Z	Product Weight (kg)
PEFY-WP20VMA-E	643	754	330	300	130	21
PEFY-WP25VMA-E	643	954	340	375	130	26
PEFY-WP32VMA-E	643	954	340	375	130	26
PEFY-WP40VMA-E	643	1154	325	525	130	31
PEFY-WP50VMA-E	643	1154	325	525	130	31
PEFY-WP63VMA-E	643	1154	325	525	130	31
PEFY-WP71VMA-E	643	1454	330	675	130	40
PEFY-WP80VMA-E	643	1454	330	675	130	40
PEFY-WP100VMA-E	643	1454	330	675	130	40
PEFY-WP125VMA-E	643	1654	332	725	130	42

5. Installing the unit

5.1. Hanging the unit body

- Bring the indoor unit to an installation site as it is packed.
- To hang the indoor unit, use a lifting machine to lift and pass through the hanging bolts.

[Fig. 5.1.1] (P.4)

- A Unit body
- (B) Lifting machine

[Fig. 5.1.2] (P.4)

- © Nuts (field supply)
- D Washers (field supply)
- (E) M10 hanging bolt (field supply)

6. Connecting drain pipe

To avoid dew drops, provide sufficient antisweating and insulating work to the drain pipes.

6.1. Drain pipe specifications

Model		PEFY-WP·VMA-E	
		20 · 25 · 32 · 40 · 50 ·	
Item		63 · 71 · 80 · 100 · 125	
Drain pipe		O.D. ø 32	

6.2. Drain pipe

[Fig. 6.2.1] (P.4)

(A) Drain pipe (O.D. ø32)

6.3. Drain piping work

- Ensure that the drain piping is downward (pitch of more than 1/100) to the outdoor (discharge) side. Do not provide any trap or irregularity on the way.
- Ensure that any cross-wise drain piping is less than 20 m (excluding the difference of elevation). If the drain piping is long, provide metal braces to prevent it from waving. Never provide any air vent pipe. Otherwise drain may be ejected.
- Use a hard vinyl chloride pipe VP-25 (with an external diameter of 32 mm) for drain piping.
- Ensure that collected pipes are 10 cm lower than the unit body's drain port.
- Do not provide any odor trap at the drain discharge port.
- Put the end of the drain piping in a position where no odor is generated.
- Do not put the end of the drain piping in any drain where ionic gases are generated.

5.2. Confirming the unit's position and fixing hanging bolts

- Ensure that the hanging bolt nuts are tightened to fix the hanging bolts.
- To ensure that drain is discharged, be sure to hang the unit at level using a level.

Caution:

Install the unit in horizontal position. If the side with drain port is installed higher, water leakage may be caused.

[Fig. 6.3.1] (P.5)

- Correct piping
- \times Wrong piping
- Insulation (9 mm or more)
- B Downward slope (1/100 or more)
- © Support metal
- K Air bleeder
 L Raised
- M Odor trap

Grouped piping

- D. D. ø32 PVC TUBE
- Make it as large as possible. About 10 cm.
- Indoor unit
 Make the piping size large for g
- G Make the piping size large for grouped piping.
 (A) Downward slope (1/100 or more)
- O. D. ø38 PVC TUBE for grouped piping. (9 mm or more insulation)
- Up to 700 mm
- N Drain hose (accessory)
- Horizontal or slightly upgradient
- Insert the drain hose (accessory) into the drain port (insertion margin: 32mm). (The drain hose must not be bent more than 45° to prevent the hose from breaking or clogging.)
 - (Attach the hose with glue, and fix it with the band (small, accessory).)
- . Attach the drain pipe (O.D. ø32 PVC TUBE PV-25, field supply).
- (Attach the pipe with glue, and fix it with the band (small, accessory).) B. Perform insulation work on the drain pipe (O.D. ø32 PVC TUBE PV-25) and
- Perform insulation work on the drain pipe (O.D. ø32 PVC TUBE PV-25) and on the socket (including elbow).
- 4. Check the drainage. (Refer to [Fig. 6.4.1])
- Attach the insulating material, and fix it with the band (large, accessory) to insulate the drain port.

[Fig. 6.3.2] (P.5)

- A Indoor unit
- B Tie band (accessory)
 C Visible part
- D Insertion margin
- E Drain hose (accessory)
- F Drain pipe (O.D. ø32 PVC TUBE, field supply)
- Insulating material (field supply)
- H Tie band (accessory)

6.4. Confirming drain discharge

- Make sure that the drain-up mechanism operates normally for discharge and that there is no water leakage from the connections.
- Be sure to confirm the above in a period of heating operation.
- Be sure to confirm the above before ceiling work is done in the case of a new construction
- 1. Remove the water supply port cover on the same side as the indoor unit piping.
- 2. Fill water into the feed water pump using a feed water tank. In filling, be sure to put the end of the pump or tank in a drain pan. (If the insertion is incomplete, water may flow over the machine.)
- 3 Perform the test run in cooling mode, or connect the connector to the ON side of SWE on the Indoor controller board. (The drain pump and the fan are forced to operate without any remote controller operation.) Make sure using a transparent hose that drain is discharged.

7. Connecting water pipes

Please observe the following precautions during installation.

7.1. Important notes on water pipework installation

- The water pressure resistance of the water pipes in the heat source unit is 1.0MPa [145psi].
- Please connect the water pipework of each indoor unit to the connect port on the HBC. Failure to do so will result in incorrect running.
- Please list the indoor units on the naming plate in the HBC unit with addresses and end connection numbers.
- If the number of indoor units are less than the number of ports on the HBC, the unused ports can be capped. Without a cap, water will leak.
- Use the reverse-return method to insure proper pipe resistance to each unit.
- Provide some joints and bulbs around inlet/outlet of each unit for easy maintenance, checkup, and replacement.
- Install a suitable air vent on the water pipe. After flowing water through the pipe, vent any excess air.
- Secure the pipes with metal fitting, positioning them in locations to protect pipes against breakage and bending.
- Do not confuse the water intake and outlet piping. Error code 5102 will appear on the remote controller if a test run is performed with the pipe-work installed incorrectly (inlet connected to outlet and vice versa).
- This unit doesn't include a heater to prevent freezing within tubes. If the water flow is stopped on low ambient, drain the water out.
- The unused knockout holes should be closed and the refrigerant pipes, water pipes, power source and transmission wires access holes should be filled with putty.
- Install water pipe so that the water flow rate will be maintained.
- Wrap sealing tape as follows.
 - ① Wrap the joint with sealing tape following the direction of the threads (clockwise), do not wrap the tape over the edge.
 - 2 Overlap the sealing tape by two-thirds to three-fourths of its width on each turn. Press the tape with your fingers so that it is tight against each thread.
- ③ Do not wrap the 1.5th through 2nd farthest threads away from the pipe end. Hold the pipe on the unit side in place with a spanner when installing the pipes or strainer. Tighten the screws according to the table below

PEFY-WP-VMA-E	Torque [N·m]				
WP20, 25, 30, 40, 50	40				
WP63, 71, 80, 100, 125	60				

- If there is a risk of freezing, carry out a procedure to prevent it.
- When connecting heat source unit water piping and on site water piping, apply liquid sealing material for water piping over the sealing tape before connection.
- Do not use steel pipes as water pipes.
- Copper pipes are recommended.
- Install a strainer (40 mesh or more) on the pipe next to the valve to remove the foreign matters.
- Be sure to provide anti-dew condensation treatment on the inlet and outlet of the water pipes and on the valve. Provide an appropriate treatment on the end surface of the dew proofing material to keep condensation out.
- When water has been supplied to the water pipework, purge the system of air. The details of air purging can be found separately in the water circuit maintenance manual.

4. After confirmation, cancel the test run mode, and turn off the main power. If the connector is connected to the ON side of SWE, disconnect it and connect it to the OFF side, and attach the water supply port cover into its original position.

[Fig. 6.4.1] (P.5)

- A Insert pump's end 2 to 4 cm.
- B Remove the water supply port.
- © About 2500 cc
- D Water
- (E) Filling port (F) Screw
- [Fig. 6.4.2] (P.5)
 - <Indoor controller board>

7.2. Water pipe insulation

- 1. Connect the water pipes of each indoor unit to the same (correct) end connection numbers as indicated on the indoor unit connection section of each HBC controller. If connected to wrong end connection numbers, there will be no normal operation.
- List indoor unit model names in the name plate on the HBC controller control 2. box (for identification purposes), and HBC controller end connection numbers and address numbers in the name plate on the indoor unit side. Seal unused end connections using cover caps (sold separately). Not replacing on end cap will lead to water leakage.
- Be sure to add insulation work to water piping by covering water pipework 3. separately with enough thickness heat-resistant polyethylene, so that no gap is observed in the joint between indoor unit and insulating material, and insulating materials themselves. When insulation work is insufficient, there is a possibility of condensation, etc. Pay special attention to insulation work in the ceiling plenum

[Fig. 7.2.1] (P.5)

- (A) Locally procured insulating material for pipes
 - C Do not leave any opening.
- (B) Bind here using band or tape. D Lap margin: more than 40 mm (E) Insulating material (field supply)
- (F) Unit side insulating material

[Fig. 7.2.2] (P.5)

- (A) Water pipe: To HBC unit B Water pipe: From HBC unit
- Insulation materials for the pipes to be added on site must meet the following specifications:

HBC controller	20 mm or more		
-indoor unit			

- This specification is based on copper for water piping. When using plastic pipework, choose a thickness based on the plastic pipe performance.
- Installation of pipes in a high-temperature high-humidity environment, such as the top floor of a building, may require the use of insulation materials thicker than the ones specified in the chart above.
- When certain specifications presented by the client must be met, ensure that they also meet the specifications on the chart above.
- Expansion tank 4.

Install an expansion tank to accommodate expanded water. (circuit protection valve set pressure: 600kPa)

- Expansion tank selection criteria:
- The water containment volume of the HBC.
- The maximum water temperature is 60°C.
- The minimum water temperature is 5°C.
- The circuit protection valve set pressure is 370-490kPa.
- The circulation pump head pressure is 0.24MPa.
- 5. Leakproof the water pipework, valves and drain pipework. Leakproof all the way to, and include pipe ends so that condensation cannot enter the insulated pipework.
- Apply caulking around the ends of the insulation to prevent condensation getting between the pipework and insulation.
- 7. Add a drain valve so that the unit and pipework can be drained.
- 8. Ensure there are no gaps in the pipework insulation. Insulate the pipework right up to the unit.
- Ensure that the gradient of the drain pan pipework is such that discharge can 9. only blow out.

	Connection size Pipe size		Water		
Unit model	Water inlet Water outlet		Water out Water return		volume (l)
	vvater innet	water outlet	water out	Water return	. ,
HBC Controller					10
PEFY-WP20VMA			Inner	Inner	0.7
PEFY-WP25VMA	Rc 3/4	Rc 3/4	diameter	diameter	4
PEFY-WP32VMA	screw	screw	≥ 20 mm	≥ 20 mm	
PEFY-WP40VMA]		≥ 20 mm	≥ 20 mm	1.8
PEFY-WP50VMA]				1.0
PEFY-WP63VMA					2.0
PEFY-WP71VMA	Rc 1-1/4	Rc 1-1/4	Inner	Inner	
PEFY-WP80VMA			diameter	diameter	2.6
PEFY-WP100VMA	screw	screw	≥ 30 mm	≥ 30 mm	
PEFY-WP125VMA]				3.0

[Fig. 7.2.3] (P.5)

- (A) To outdoor unit
- B End connection (brazing)
- © HBC controller
- D Indoor unit
- (E) Twinning pipe (field supply)
- (F) Up to three units for 1 branch hole; total capacity: below 80 (but in same mode, cooling/heating)

Note:

*1. Connection of multiple indoor units with one connection (or joint pipe)

- Total capacity of connectable indoor units: Less than 80
- Number of connectable indoor units: Maximum 3 Sets
- Selection of water piping
- Select the size according to the total capacity of indoor units to be installed downstream.
- Please group units that operate on 1 branch.
- 11. Please refer to the [Fig. 7.2.4] when connecting the water supply.

[Fig. 7.2.4] (P.6)

- A Indoor unit
- © Water pipe: To HBC unit
- D Strainer (40 mesh or more) (field supply)
- E Shut off valve (field supply)
- Install a shut off valve and strainer in a place that is easy to operate and makes maintenance work easy.

(B) Water pipe: From HBC unit

- Apply insulation to the indoor unit pipework, strainer, shut off valve, and pressure reducing valve.
- 14. Please do not use a corrosion inhibitor in the water system.

7.3. Water treatment and quality control

To preserve water quality, use the closed type of water circuit. When the circulating water quality is poor, the water heat exchanger can develop scales, leading to a reduction in heat-exchange power and possible corrosion. Pay careful attention to water processing and water quality control when installing the water circulation system.

8. Duct work

- · In connecting duct, insert canvas duct between unit and duct.
- Use incombustible material for duct parts.
- Provide full insulation to inlet duct flange and outlet duct to prevent condensation.
- Be sure to change the position of air filter to the position where it can be serviced.

[Fig. 8.0.1] (P.6)

<a> In case of rear inlet	
 In case of bottom inlet	
A Duct	Air inlet
© Access door	D Canvas duct
E Ceiling surface	F Air outlet
G Leave distance enough to prever	nt short cycle

- · Procedure for changing the rear inlet to the bottom inlet.
- [Fig. 8.0.2] (P.6)

(A) Filter

- 1. Remove air filter. (First remove filter lock screw.)
- 2. Remove the bottom plate.
- Fit the bottom plate to the rear of the body. [Fig. 8.0.3] (P.6) (Position of lug-holes on the plate are different from those for rear inlet.)

When the plate is attached

on the rear side, it exceeds



the height of the rear body panel. Replicate the plate along the slit when there is not enough room above for the entire unit.

B Bottom plate



- Removing of foreign objects or impurities within the pipes.
 During installation, make sure that foreign objects, such as welding fragments, sealant particles, or rust, do not enter the pipes.
- Water Quality Processing
 - Depending on the quality of the cold-temperature water used in the airconditioner, the copper piping of the heat exchanger may corrode. Regular water quality processing is recommended. If a water supply tank is installed, keep air contact to a minimum, and

keep the level of dissolved oxygen in the water no higher than 1mg/l.

2 Water quality standard

	_			nid-range water system	Tendency	
Iter	ms		Recirculating water [20 <t<60°c] [68<t<140°f]< td=""><td>Make-up water</td><td>Corrosive</td><td>Scale- forming</td></t<140°f]<></t<60°c] 	Make-up water	Corrosive	Scale- forming
	pH (25°C) [77°F]		7.0 ~ 8.0	7.0 ~ 8.0	0	0
	Electric conductivity	(mS/m) (25°C) [77°F] (µ s/cm) (25°C) [77°F]	30 or less [300 or less]	30 or less [300 or less]	0	0
ms	Chloride ion	(mg Cl-/ℓ)	50 or less	50 or less	0	
d ite	Sulfate ion	(mg SO4 ²⁻ /ℓ)	50 or less	50 or less	0	
Standard items	Acid consumption (pH4.	8) (mg CaCO ₃ /ℓ)	50 or less	50 or less		0
	Total hardness	(mg CaCO₃/ℓ)	70 or less	70 or less		0
	Calcium hardness	(mg CaCO₃/ℓ)	50 or less	50 or less		0
	Ionic silica	(mg SiO₂/ℓ)	30 or less	30 or less		0
	Iron	(mg Fe/ł)	1.0 or less	0.3 or less	0	0
	Copper	(mg Cu/ℓ)	1.0 or less	0.1 or less	0	
Reference items	Sulfide ion	(mg S ²⁻ /ℓ)	not to be detected	not to be detected	0	
renc	Ammonium ion	(mg NH4+/l)	0.3 or less	0.1 or less	0	
Refe	Residual chlorine	(mg Cl/ł)	0.25 or less	0.3 or less	0	
1	Free carbon dioxide	(mg CO ₂ / <i>l</i>)	0.4 or less	4.0 or less	0	
	Ryzner stability inde		6.0 ~ 7.0	-	0	0

Reference: Guideline of Water Quality for Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Equipment. (JRA GL02E-1994)

- ③ Consult with a specialist about water quality control methods and calculations before using anti-corrosive solutions.
- ④ When replacing a previously installed air conditioning device (even when only the heat exchanger is being replaced), first conduct a water quality analysis and check for possible corrosion.

Corrosion can occur in cold-water systems even if there has been no prior signs of corrosion.

If the water quality level has dropped, adjust water quality before replacing the unit.

D Nail for the rear inlet

4. Fit filter to the underside of the body.

(Be careful of which side of the filter to fit.) [Fig. 8.0.4] (P.6)

[Fig. 8.0.4] (P.6)

© Nail for the bottom inlet

Caution:

- Inlet duct of 850 mm or more should be construted.
- To connect the air conditioner main body and the duct for potential equalization.
- To reduce the risk of injury from metal sheet edges, wear protective gloves.
- To connect the air conditioner main body and the duct for potential equalization.
- The noise from the intake will increase dramatically if intake is fitted directly beneath the main body. Intake should therefore be installed as far away from the main body as possible.
- Particular care is required when using it with bottom inlet specifications.
- Install sufficient thermal insulation to prevent condensation forming on outlet duct flanges and outlet ducts.
- Keep the distance between the inlet grille and the fan over 850 mm.
- If it is less than 850 mm, install a safety guard not to touch the fan.
- To avoid electrical noise interference, do not run transmission lines at the bottom of the unit.

9. Electrical wiring

Precautions on electrical wiring

A Warning:

Electrical work should be done by qualified electrical engineers in accordance with "Engineering Standards For Electrical Installation" and supplied installation manuals. Special circuits should also be used. If the power circuit lacks capacity or has an installation failure, it may cause a risk of electric shock or fire.

- 1. Be sure to install an earth leakage breaker to the power.
- Install the unit to prevent that any of the control circuit cables (remote controller, transmission cables) is brought in direct contact with the power cable outside the unit.
- 3. Ensure that there is no slack on all wire connections.
- Some cables (power, remote controller, transmission cables) above the ceiling may be bitten by mouses. Use as many metal pipes as possible to insert the cables into them for protection.

Transmission cable specifications

- 5. Never connect the power cable to leads for the transmission cables. Otherwise the cables would be broken.
- 6. Be sure to connect control cables to the indoor unit, remote controller, and the outdoor unit.
- 7. Put the unit to the ground on the outdoor unit side.
- 8. Select control cables from the conditions given in page 14.

Caution:

- Be sure to put the unit to the ground on the outdoor unit side. Do not connect the earth cable to any gas pipe, water pipe, lightening rod, or telephone earth cable. Incomplete grounding may cause a risk of electric shock.
- If the supply cord is damaged, it must be replaced by the manufacturer, its service agent or similarly qualified persons in order to avoid a hazard.

	Transmission cables	ME Remote controller cables	MA Remote controller cables
Type of cable	Shielding wire (2-core) CVVS, CPEVS or MVVS	Sheathed 2-core cable (unshielded) CVV	
Cable diameter	More than 1.25 mm ²	0.3 ~ 1.25 mm ² (0.75 ~ 1.25 mm ²)*1	0.3 ~ 1.25 mm ² (0.75 ~ 1.25 mm ²)*1
Remarks	Max length: 200 m Maximum length of transmission lines for centralized control and indoor/out- door transmission lines (Maximum length via indoor units): 500 m MAX The maximum length of the wiring between power supply unit for transmis- sion lines (on the transmission lines for centralized control) and each outdoor unit and system controller is 200 m.	When 10 m is exceeded, use cables with the same specification as transmission cables.	Max length: 200 m

*1 Connected with simple remote controller.

CVVS, MVVS: PVC insulated PVC jacketed shielded control cable CPEVS: PE insulated PVC jacketed shielded communication cable CVV: PVC insulated PVC sheathed control cable

9.1. Power supply wiring

- · Use dedicated power supplies for the indoor unit.
- · Bear in mind ambient conditions (ambient temperature, direct sunlight, rain water, etc.) when proceeding with the wiring and connections.
- The wire size is the minimum value for metal conduit wiring. If the voltage drops, use a wire that is one rank thicker in diameter. Make sure the power-supply voltage
 does not drop more than 10%.
- · Specific wiring requirements should adhere to the wiring regulations of the region.
- Power supply cords of appliances shall not be lighter than design 60245 IEC 57, 60227 IEC 57, 60245 IEC 53 or 60227 IEC 53.
- A switch with at least 3 mm contact separation in each pole shall be provided by the Air conditioner installation.

[Fig. 9.1.1] (P.6)

- (A) Ground-fault interrupter
- B Local switch/Wiring breaker
- © Indoor unit

Total operating current of the	Minimur	n wire thickness (mm ²)		Ground-fault interrupter *1	Local switch (A)		Breaker for wiring (A)	
Indoor unit	Main cable	Branch	Ground	Ground-laux interrupter	Capacity	Fuse	(Non-fuse breaker)	
F0 = 16 A or less *2	1.5	1.5	1.5	20 A current sensitivity *3	16	16	20	
F0 = 25 A or less *2	2.5	2.5	2.5	30 A current sensitivity *3	25	25	30	
F0 = 32 A or less *2	4.0	4.0	4.0	40 A current sensitivity *3	32	32	40	

V3

48 56 66

Apply to IEC61000-3-3 about Max. Permissive System Impedance.

*1 The Ground-fault interrupter should support Inverter circuit.

The Ground-fault interrupter should combine using of local switch or wiring breaker.

*2 Please take the larger of F1 or F2 as the value for F0.

F1 = Total operating maximum current of the indoor units × 1.2

F2 = {V1 × (Quantity of Type1)/C} + {V1 × (Quantity of Type2)/C}

Indoor unit		V1	V2
Type1	PEFY-VMS, PFFY-VLRMM	18.6	2.4
Type2	PEFY-VMA	38	1.6

C : Multiple of tripping current at tripping time 0.01s

Please pick up "C" from the tripping characteristic of the breaker.

<Example of "F2" calculation>

*Condition PEFY-VMS × 4 + PEFY-VMA × 1, C = 8 (refer to right sample chart)

F2 = 18.6 × 4/8 + 38 × 1/8

= 14.05

 \rightarrow 16 A breaker (Tripping current = 8 × 16 A at 0.01s)

*3 Current sensitivity is calculated using the following formula.

G1 = (V2 × Quantity of Type1) + (V3 × Wire length [km])

G1	Current sensitivity		Wire thickness	
30 or less	30 mA 0.1 sec or less]	1.5 mm ²	
100 or less	100 mA 0.1 sec or less]	2.5 mm ²	
	•	-	4.0 mm ²	



\land Warning:

- Be sure to use specified wires for connections and ensure no external force is imparted to terminal connections. If connections are not fixed firmly, heating or fire may result.
- · Be sure to use the appropriate type of overcurrent protection switch. Note that generated overcurrent may include some amount of direct current.

✓! Caution:

- Some installation sites may require attachment of an earth leakage breaker for the inverter. If no earth leakage breaker is installed, there is a danger of
 electric shock.
- Do not use anything other than the correct capacity breaker and fuse. Using fuse, wire or copper wire with too large capacity may cause a risk of malfunction or fire.

Note:

- This device is intended for the connection to a power supply system with a maximum permissible system impedance (Refer to IEC61000-3-3.) at the interface point (power service box) of the user's supply.
- The user must ensure that this device is connected only to a power supply system which fulfils the requirement above. If necessary, the user can ask the public power supply company for the system impedance at the interface point.

9.2. Connecting remote controller, indoor and outdoor transmission cables

- Connect indoor unit TB5 and outdoor unit TB3. (Non-polarized 2-wire) The "S" on indoor unit TB5 is a shielding wire connection. For specifications about the connecting cables, refer to the outdoor unit installation manual.
- Install a remote controller following the manual supplied with the remote controller.
- Connect the "1" and "2" on indoor unit TB15 to a MA remote controller. (Nonpolarized 2-wire)
- Connect the "M1" and "M2" on indoor unit TB5 to a M-NET remote controller. (Non-polarized 2-wire)
- Connect the remote controller's transmission cable within 10 m using a 0.75 mm² core cable. If the distance is more than 10 m, use a 1.25 mm² junction cable.

[Fig. 9.2.1] (P.6) MA Remote controller

- [Fig. 9.2.2] (P.6) M-NET Remote controller
 - (A) Terminal block for indoor transmission cable
 - (B) Terminal block for outdoor transmission cable
 - © Remote controller
- DC 9 to 13 V between 1 and 2 (MA remote controller)
- DC 24 to 30 V between M1 and M2 (M-NET remote controller)

[Fig. 9.2.3] (P.7) MA Remote controller

[Fig. 9.2.4] (P.7) M-NET Remote controller

A Non-polarized	B TB15
© Remote Controller	D TB5

The MA remote controller and the M-NET remote controller cannot be used at the same time or interchangeably.

▲ Caution:

Install wiring so that it is not tight and under tension. Wiring under tension may break, or overheat and burn.

9.3. Connecting electrical connections

Please identify the model name of the operation manual attached on the terminal box cover with that shown on the rating name plate.

1. Remove the screw (1pc) holding the cover to dismount the cover.

[Fig. 9.3.1] (P.7)

A	Screw holding cover (1pc)	B	Cover
A	Screw notaling cover (Tpc)	в	Cover

2. Open knockout holes

(Recommend to use a screwdriver or the like for this work.)

[Fig. 9.3.2] (P.7)

© Terminal box	D	Knockout hole
----------------	---	---------------

- E Remove
- Fix power source wiring to terminal box by using buffer bushing for tensile force. (PG connection or the like.) Connect transmission wiring to transmission terminal block through the knockout hole of terminal box using ordinary bushing.

[Fig. 9.3.3] (P.7)

- F Use PG bushing to keep the weight of the cable and external force from being applied to the power supply terminal connector. Use a cable tie to secure the cable.
- O
 Power source wiring
 O
 Use ordinary bushing
- ① Transmission wiring
- Connect the power source, Earth, transmission and remote controller wiring. The dismounting of the terminal box is not needed.

[Fig. 9.3.4] (P.7)

- J Terminal block for power source
- $\ensuremath{\,\mathbb{K}}$ $\ensuremath{\,}$ Terminal block for indoor transmission
- ① Terminal block for remote controller

[Shield wire connection]

[Fig. 9.3.5] (P.7)

- A Terminal block
 B Round terminal
- © Shield wire
- The earth wire from two cables are connected together to the S terminal. (Dead-end connection)
- $(\ensuremath{\mathbb{E}})$ Insulation tape (To keep the earth wire of the shielded cable from coming in contact with the transmission terminal)
- After wiring is complete, make sure again that there is no slack on the connections, and attach the cover onto the terminal box in the reverse order of removal.

Notes:

- Do not pinch the cables or wires when attaching the terminal box cover. Doing so may cause a risk of disconnection.
- When accommodating the terminal box, make sure that the connectors on the box side are not removed. If removed, it cannot operate normally.

9.4. External I/O specifications

Caution:

- 1. Wiring should be covered by insulation tube with supplementary insulation.
- 2. Use relays or switches with IEC or equivalent standard.
- 3. The electric strength between accessible parts and control circuit should have 2750 V or more.

9.5. Selecting the external static pressure

As the factory setting is for use under an external static pressure of 50 Pa, no switch operation is needed when using under the standard condition.



[Fig. 9.5.1] (P.7)

<Indoor controller board>

9.6. Setting addresses

(Be sure to operate with the main power turned OFF.)

[Fig. 9.5.1] (P.7)

.

.

<Indoor controller board>

- There are two types of rotary switch setting available: setting addresses 1 to 9 and over 10, and setting branch numbers.
- ① How to set addresses
- Example: If Address is "3", remain SW12 (for over 10) at "0", and match SW11 (for 1 to 9) with "3".
- 2 How to set branch numbers SW14 (Series R2 only)

The branch number assigned to each indoor unit is the port number of the HBC controller to which the indoor unit is connected. Leave it to "0" on the non-R2 series of units.

- The rotary switches are all set to "0" when shipped from the factory. These switches can be used to set unit addresses and branch numbers at will.
- The determination of indoor unit addresses varies with the system at site. Set them referring to the Data Book.

9.9. Electrical characteristics

9.7. Sensing room temperature with the built-in sensor in a remote controller

If you want to sense room temperature with the built-in sensor in a remote controller, set SW1-1 on the control board to "ON". The setting of SW1-7 and SW1-8 as necessary also makes it possible to adjust the air flow at a time when the heating thermometer is OFF.

9.8. Changing the power voltage setting

(Be sure to operate with the main power turned OFF.)

[Fig. 9.5.1] (P.7)

- Please set the switch SW5 according to the power voltage.
- Set SW5 to 240V side when the power supply is 240 volts.
- When the power supply is 220 and 230 volts, set SW5 to 220V side.

Symbols : MCA : Max. Circuit Amps (= 1.25 × FLA) FLA : Full Load Amps IFM : Indoor Fan Motor Output : Fan motor rated output

			IFIVI	. Indoor Fan Motor Outp	out . Fan motor rated output
PEFY-WP-VMA-E		Power supply	IFM		
PEF 1-VVP-VIVIA-E	Volts / Hz	Range +-10%	MCA (A)	Output (kW)	FLA (A)
PEFY-WP20VMA-E			1.18	0.085	0.95
PEFY-WP25VMA-E			1.43	0.085	1.14
PEFY-WP32VMA-E			1.54	0.085	1.23
PEFY-WP40VMA-E			2.47	0.121	1.98
PEFY-WP50VMA-E	220-240 V/50 Hz	Max.: 264 V	2.47	0.121	1.98
PEFY-WP63VMA-E	220-240 V/60 Hz	Min.: 198 V	2.47	0.121	1.98
PEFY-WP71VMA-E			3.30	0.244	2.64
PEFY-WP80VMA-E			3.30	0.244	2.64
PEFY-WP100VMA-E			3.30	0.244	2.64
PEFY-WP125VMA-E			3.29	0.244	2.63

AIR CONDITIONER INDO	OR UNIT	MODEL				EHE @	
OPERATE			COOLING			HEATING	
RATED VOLTAGE	~V	220	230	240	220	230	240
FREQUENCY	Hz	50/60	50/60	50/60	50/60	50/60	50/60
CAPACITY	kW						
RATED INPUT	kW						
RATED CURRENT	A						
CONTROL RATING	DC30V			IP CC	DE		IP20
FAN MOTOR				WEIG	ΗT		kg
REFRIGERANT	WATER			MAXIM	IUM WATER PRES	SURE	1.0MPa
ITSUBISHI ELECTRIC	CORPORAT	ION		YEAR	OF MANUFACTURE		
ANUFACTURER:MITSUBISHI ELE							

This product is designed and intended for use in the residential, commercial and light-industrial environment.

The product at hand is based on the following EU regulations:

- Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU
- Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 2014/30/EU
- Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC

Please be sure to put the contact address/telephone number on this manual before handing it to the customer.



HEAD OFFICE: TOKYO BLDG., 2-7-3, MARUNOUCHI, CHIYODA-KU, TOKYO 100-8310, JAPAN